L. 2020, Ch. 55, Part WW

(all caps indicates insertions)

Section 1. Section 2 and subdivision 7 of section 3 of part E of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, establishing a commission on legislative, judicial, and executive compensation, and providing for the powers and duties of the commission and for the dissolution of the commission, subdivision 7 of section 3 as amended by section 1 of part VVV of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as follows:

§ 2. 1. (A) On the first of June of every fourth year, commencing June 1, 2015, there shall be established a commission on legislative, judicial and executive compensation to examine, evaluate and make recommendations with respect to adequate levels of compensation and non-salary benefits for members of the legislature, judges and justices of the state-paid courts of the unified court system, statewide elected officials, and those state officers referred to in section 169 of the executive law.

(B) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS ACT TO THE CONTRARY, THE COMMISSION ESTABLISHED IN THE YEAR 2019 MAY EXAMINE, EVALUATE AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS WITH RESPECT TO ADEQUATE LEVELS OF COMPENSATION AND NON-SALARY BENEFITS FOR JUDGES AND JUSTICES OF THE STATE-PAID COURTS OF THE UNIFIED COURT SYSTEM DURING ITS EXAMINATION OF AND MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION IN THE YEAR 2020.

2. (a) In accordance with the provisions of this section, the commission shall examine:

(1) the prevailing adequacy of pay levels and other non-salary benefits received by members of the legislature, statewide elected officials, and those state officers referred to in section 169 of the executive law; and

(2) the prevailing adequacy of pay levels and non-salary benefits received by the judges and justices of the state-paid courts of the unified court system and housing judges of the civil court of the city of New York and determine whether any of such pay levels warrant adjustment; and

(b) The commission shall determine whether:

(1) for any of the four years commencing on the first of April of such years, following the year in which the commission is established OR AUTHORIZED BY THIS ACT TO EVALUATE AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS ON SUCH SALARIES, the annual salaries for the judges and justices of the state-paid courts of the unified court system and housing judges of the civil court of the city of New York warrant an increase; and

(2) on the first of January after the November general election at which members of the state legislature are elected following the year in which the commission is established, and on the first of January following the next such election, the like annual salaries and allowances of

members of the legislature, and salaries of statewide elected officials and state officers referred to in section 169 of the executive law warrant an increase.

3. In discharging its responsibilities under subdivision two of this section, the commission shall take into account all appropriate factors including, but not limited to: the overall economic climate; rates of inflation; changes in public-sector spending; the levels of compensation and non-salary benefits received by executive branch officials and legislators of other states and of the federal government; the levels of compensation and non-salary benefits received by professionals in government, academia and private and nonprofit enterprise; and the state's ability to fund increases in compensation and non-salary benefits.

7. The commission shall make a report to the governor, the legislature and the chief judge of the state of its findings, conclusions, determinations and recommendations, if any, not later than the thirty-first of December of the year in which the commission is established for judicial compensation and the fifteenth of November the following year for legislative and executive compensation; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE REPORT MADE BY THE COMMISSION IN THE YEAR TWO THOUSAND TWENTY REGARDING JUDICIAL, LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION SHALL BE ISSUED NOT LATER THAN NOVEMBER 15, 2020. Any findings, conclusions, determinations and recommendations in the report must be adopted by a majority vote of the commission and shall also be supported by at least one member appointed by each appointing authority. Each recommendation made to implement a determination pursuant to section two of this act shall have the force of law, and shall supersede, where appropriate, inconsistent provisions of article 7-B of the judiciary law, section 169 of the executive law, and sections 5 and 5-a of the legislative law, unless modified or abrogated by statute prior to April first of the year as to which such determination applies to legislative and executive compensation.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

L. 2019, Ch. 59, Part VVV

(Brackets and strike through indicate deletions)

Section 1. Subdivision 7 of section 3 of part E of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, establishing a commission on legislative, judicial and executive compensation, and providing for the powers and duties of the commission and for the dissolution of the commission, is amended to read as follows:

7. The commission shall make a report to the governor, the legislature and the chief judge of the state of its findings, conclusions, determinations and recommendations, if any, not later than the thirty-first of December of the year in which the commission is established for judicial compensation and the fifteenth of November the following year for legislative and executive compensation. Any findings, conclusions determinations and recommendations in the report must be adopted by a majority vote of the commission and [findings, conclusions, determinations and recommendations with respect to executive and legislative compensation] shall also be supported by at least one member appointed by each appointing authority. Each recommendation made to implement a determination pursuant to section two of this act shall have the force of law, and shall supersede, where appropriate, inconsistent provisions of article 7-B of the judiciary law, section 169 of the executive law, and sections 5 and 5-a of the legislative law, unless modified or abrogated by statute prior to April first of the year as to which such determination applies to legislative and executive compensation.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

L. 2015, ch. 60, Part E

(Establishing Commission on Legislative, Judicial and Executive Compensation) 1

PART E

Section 1. Chapter 567 of the laws of 2010 relating to establishing a 2 special commission on compensation, and providing for their powers and 3 4 duties; and to provide periodic salary increases to state officers is 5 REPEALED. § 2. 1. On the first of June of every fourth year, commencing June 1, 6 7 2015, there shall be established a commission on legislative, judicial and executive compensation to examine, evaluate and make recommendations 8 with respect to adequate levels of compensation and non-salary benefits 9 10 for members of the legislature, judges and justices of the state-paid 11 courts of the unified court system, statewide elected officials, and 12 those state officers referred to in section 169 of the executive law. 13 2. (a) In accordance with the provisions of this section, the commis-14 sion shall examine: (1) the prevailing adequacy of pay levels and other 15 non-salary benefits received by members of the legislature, statewide elected officials, and those state officers referred to in section 169 16 17 of the executive law; and 18 the prevailing adequacy of pay levels and non-salary benefits (2) 19 received by the judges and justices of the state-paid courts of the unified court system and housing judges of the civil court of the city 20 21 of New York and determine whether any of such pay levels warrant adjustment; and 22 23 (b) The commission shall determine whether: (1) for any of the four 24 years commencing on the first of April of such years, following the year 25 in which the commission is established, the annual salaries for the 26 judges and justices of the state-paid courts of the unified court system 27 and housing judges of the civil court of the city of New York warrant an 28 increase; and 29 (2) on the first of January after the November general election at 30 which members of the state legislature are elected following the year in which the commission is established, and on the first of January follow-31 ing the next such election, the like annual salaries and allowances of 32 33 members of the legislature, and salaries of statewide elected officials and state officers referred to in section 169 of the executive law 34 35 warrant an increase. 36 3. In discharging its responsibilities under subdivision two of this 37 section, the commission shall take into account all appropriate factors including, but not limited to: the overall economic climate; rates of 38 39 inflation; changes in public-sector spending; the levels of compensation 40 and non-salary benefits received by executive branch officials and 41 legislators of other states and of the federal government; the levels of 42 compensation and non-salary benefits received by professionals in 43 government, academia and private and nonprofit enterprise; and the 44 state's ability to fund increases in compensation and non-salary bene-45 fits. 46 § 3. 1. The commission shall consist of seven members to be appointed as follows: three shall be appointed by the governor; one shall be 47 appointed by the temporary president of the senate; one shall be 48 appointed by the speaker of the assembly; and two shall be appointed by 49 the chief judge of the state, one of whom shall serve as chair of the 50 51 commission. With regard to any matters regarding legislative or executive compensation, the chair shall preside but not vote. Vacancies in 52 the commission shall be filled in the same manner as original appoint-53 54 ments. To the extent practicable, members of the commission shall have

1 experience in one or more of the following: determination of executive 2 compensation, human resource administration or financial management.

3 2. The commission shall only meet within the state, may hold public 4 hearings, at least one of which shall be open for the public to provide 5 comments and shall have all the powers of a legislative committee pursu-6 ant to the legislative law. It shall be governed by articles 6, 6-A and 7 7 of the public officers law.

8 3. The members of the commission shall receive no compensation for 9 their services but shall be allowed their actual and necessary expenses 10 incurred in the performance of their duties hereunder.

4. No member of the commission shall be disqualified from holding any other public office or employment, nor shall he or she forfeit any such office or employment by reason of his or her appointment pursuant to this section, notwithstanding the provisions of any general, special or local law, regulation, ordinance or city charter.

5. To the maximum extent feasible, the commission shall be entitled to request and receive and shall utilize and be provided with such facilities, resources and data of any court, department, division, board, bureau, commission, agency or public authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof as it may reasonably request to carry out properly its powers and duties pursuant to this section.

6. The commission may request, and shall receive, reasonable assistance from state agency personnel as necessary for the performance of its function.

the legisla-25 7. The commission shall make a report to the governor, ture and the chief judge of the state of its findings, conclusions, 26 27 determinations and recommendations, if any, not later than the thirty-28 first of December of the year in which the commission is established for 29 judicial compensation and the fifteenth of November the following year for legislative and executive compensation. Any findings, conclusions, 30 determinations and recommendations in the report must be adopted by a 31 majority vote of the commission and findings, conclusions, determi-32 33 nations and recommendations with respect to executive and legislative compensation shall also be supported by at least one member appointed by 34 Each recommendation made to implement a 35 each appointing authority. 36 determination pursuant to section two of this act shall have the force 37 of law, and shall supersede, where appropriate, inconsistent provisions 38 of article 7-B of the judiciary law, section 169 of the executive law, 39 and sections 5 and 5-a of the legislative law, unless modified or abro-40 gated by statute prior to April first of the year as to which such 41 determination applies to judicial compensation and January first of the 42 year as to which such determination applies to legislative and executive 43 compensation.

44 8. Upon the making of its report as provided in subdivision seven of 45 this section, each commission established pursuant to this section shall 46 be deemed dissolved.

47 § 4. Date of entitlement to salary increase. Notwithstanding the provisions of this act or of any other law, each increase in salary or 48 compensation of any officer or employee provided by this act shall be 49 added to the salary or compensation of such officer or employee at the 50 51 beginning of that payroll period the first day of which is nearest to 52 the effective date of such increase as provided in this act, or at the beginning of the earlier of two payroll periods the first days of which 53 are nearest but equally near to the effective date of such increase as 54 55 provided in this act; provided, however, the payment of such salary increase pursuant to this section on a date prior thereto instead of on 56



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such effective date, shall not operate to confer any additional salary 1 rights or benefits on such officer or employee. The annual salaries as 2 3 prescribed pursuant to this act whenever adjusted pursuant to the provisions of this act, shall be rounded up to the nearest multiple of 4 one hundred dollars. 5 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 6 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2015. 7 8 PART F 9 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Infras-10 tructure investment act". 11 § 2. For the purposes of this act: 12 (a) "authorized state entity" shall mean the New York state thruway 13 authority, the department of transportation, the office of parks, recre-14 ation and historic preservation, the department of environmental conser-15 vation and the New York state bridge authority. 16 "best value" shall mean the basis for awarding contracts for (b) 17 services to the offerer that optimize quality, cost and efficiency, 18 price and performance criteria, which may include, but is not limited 19 to: 20 1. The quality of the contractor's performance on previous projects; 21 The timeliness of the contractor's performance on 2. previous 22 projects; 23 3. The level of customer satisfaction with the contractor's perform-24 ance on previous projects; 25 4. The contractor's record of performing previous projects on budget 26 and ability to minimize cost overruns; 27 5. The contractor's ability to limit change orders; 6. The contractor's ability to prepare appropriate project plans; 28 29 7. The contractor's technical capacities; 30 8. The individual qualifications of the contractor's key personnel; 31 9. The contractor's ability to assess and manage risk and minimize 32 risk impact; and 10. The contractor's past record of compliance with article 15-A of 33 34 the executive law. 35 Such basis shall reflect, wherever possible, objective and quantifi-36 able analysis. 37 (c) "capital project" shall have the same meaning as such term is 38 defined by subdivision 2-a of section 2 of the state finance law. 39 (đ) "cost plus" shall mean compensating a contractor for the cost to 40 complete a contract by reimbursing actual costs for labor, equipment and 41 materials plus an additional amount for overhead and profit. 42 (e) "design-build contract" shall mean a contract for the design and 43 construction of a capital project with a single entity, which may be a 44 team comprised of separate entities. (f) "procurement record" means documentation of the decisions made and 45 46 the approach taken in the procurement process. 47 § 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 38 of the highway law, section 136-a of the state finance law, section 359 of the public 48 authorities law, section 7210 of the education law, and the provisions 49 50 of any other law to the contrary, and in conformity with the requirements of this act, an authorized state entity may utilize the alterna-51 tive delivery method referred to as design-build contracts, in consulta-52 53 tion with relevant local labor organizations and construction industry, 54 for capital projects related to the state's physical infrastructure,

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